Idaho Students/Taxpayers Domiciled in Other States

Part Year Resident vs Non Resident

According to Idaho Tax Code referenced below, if the student/taxpayer is in Idaho for more than 90 day and if they file a tax return, they must file as a Part Year Resident.

Note: Even though domiciled in another state, if the student/taxpayer is in the state of Idaho for >90 days, the student/taxpayer is presumed to be a part time resident and therefore allowed to have grocery tax credit - but the grocery credit may not be greater than the state tax liability.

040.PART-YEAR RESIDENT (RULE 040). Section 63-3013A, Idaho Code.

- 02. Temporary or Transitory Purpose. For purposes of this rule, an individual is not residing in Idaho if he is present in Idaho only for a temporary or transitory purpose. Likewise, an individual is not residing outside Idaho merely by his temporary or transitory absence from Idaho.
- c. Presence in Idaho for ninety (90) days or more during a taxable year is presumed to be for other than a temporary or transitory purpose. To overcome the presumption, the individual must show that his presence was consistent with that of a vacationer, seasonal visitor, tourist or guest.

NONRESIDENT (RULE 045). Section 63-3014, Idaho Code. (3-20-97)

- 01. Traveling Salesmen.
- 02. Motor Carrier Employees Covered by Title 49, Section 14503, United States Code.
- 03. Water Carrier Employees Covered by Title 46, Section 11108, United States Code.
- 04. Air Carrier Employees Covered by Title 49, Section 40116(f), United States Code.
- 05. Rail Carrier Employees Covered by Title 49, Section 11502, United States Code.